The Avocet

Volume XIII, Number 2 February, 1966

WILDERNESS!

Mr. Phillip Arnot

Wednesday, Feb. 2, 1966 200 California Avenue

Palo Alto Co-op Meeting Room

Mr. Phillip Arnot will present his new slide show concerning the wilderness areas of the West. Many of his slides are of the Cascades of Washington as well as other mountains of Oregon and Washington. Point Reyes National Seashore, many of the parks of California and areas that should be protected will also be featured.

We are sure you will find Mr. Arnot's program very satisfying esthetically, stimulating and hopefully provocative, as his main point is our need to preserve more wilderness areas. If you know and love "The wilderness Alps of the Stehekin" you will enjoy our next program immensely. Remember: February 21

Members and friends from the San Jose area are certainly welcome at meetings in Palo Alto. For those who haven't been to our new North County meeting place, a few directions: turn off the freeway on Oregon Ave. and travel west under the railroad tracks. Turn right as you emerge from the underpass. This exit is labeled "Central or Business District" and leads, in several blocks, to California Avenue. Turn right again and after a block or so, the Co-op market is on the left. The meeting room is in the building across the parking lot from the market -- on the second floor in the rear, and can be reached by the stairs off the parking lot.

Set aside March the second for our next meeting when we plan a dinner meeting at a location in Sunnyvale at which time Miss Harriet Mundy will present a slide show.

COMING EVENTS AT A GLANCE

			-	
Wed.,	Feb.	2	8:00 P.M	. Palo Alto (General Meeting)
Wed.,	Feb.	9	9:00 A.M	. Alum Rock Park
Fri.,	Feb.	11	4:00 P.M	. Palo Alto (Screen Tour)
Sat.,	Feb.	12	9:00 A.M	. Dumbarton Bridge
Mon.,	Feb.	14	8:00 P.M	San Jose (Screen Tour)
Wed.,	Feb.	16	7:45 F.M	
Sat.,	Feb.	19	9:00 A.M	I. Felton
Wed.,	Feb.	23	9:00 A.M	. Searsville



February Calendar

General Meeting
Wed., Feb. 2, 8:00 P.M., Palo Alto (See first page.)

Board Meeting
wed., Feb. 16, 7:45 P.M. Wolcotts, 1030 Parkinson, Palo Alto.
(Near the Community Center) 321-6694.

Field Trips
Wed., Feb. 9 to Alum Rock Park, San Jose. Meet in the parking area at the Youth Science Institute at 9:00 A.M.
Leader: Mrs. Fanny Zwall - 292-2060.

Sat., Feb. 12 to Dumbarton Bridge. Meet at the parking area at the west end of the bridge at 9:00 A.M. Leader: Les Sleeper - 323-9370.

Sat., Feb. 19 to the Henry Cowell State Park in Felton. Meet at the parking lot of the park at 9:00 A.M. Bring lunch. Leaders: Marie Siddens and Manette Wittgenstein - 354-9420.

Wed., Feb. 23 to Searsville Lake. Meet at the entrance to Searsville Lake off Sand Hill Rd. We shall enter at 9:00 A.M. and leave together at about 11:30 A.M. There is an entrance fee of 25¢ a person.

Leader: Mrs. George H. Houck - 327-4868 or 327-4138.

Looking ahead: Mark your calendars now for a trip to Morro Bay, March 5-6. Details next month.

Screen Tours

Fri., Feb. 11 4:00 P.M. Palo Alto Senior High School Aud.

Mon., Feb. 14 8:00 P.M. San Jose State College,

Morris Daily Auditorium

"Essence of Life" - G. Clifford Carl (Tickets available at the door.)

This is the colorful drama of how the unique physical properties of water support life. Featured characters are spadefoot toads, pill-bugs, leaf-cutter bees, tree frogs, pelicans and moose. Don't miss it!

Audubon Camp of the West

The Wind River Range Audubon Camp in Wyoming will be the site of four two-week sessions this year between June 26 and August 19. Ecological relationships will be stressed this year, and optional credit is available from the University of Wyoming.

For further details: P.O. Box 3666, El Monte, Calif. 91733

Dr. Weston

In last Month's commentary on the contributions to the SCVAS made by the San Jose State College faculty, the name of ornithologist Henry G. Weston Jr. was inadvertently omitted. Dr. Weston has served as vice-president and worked on Christmas counts. Also, his willing service as consultant to the present editor is gratefully acknowledged.

A Call to Serve

In last month's message I urged you to lend your financial support to the new Planning and Conservation League for Legislative Action. Hopefully, by now you have responded to this organization whose main activity is maintaining a conservation lobby in Sacramento. But even more important, I'm convinced, is our individual lobbying on the local level of government.

Our immediate environment is shaped by the policies which our city councils make. Their deliberations demand our attention; they often need information which we are qualified to provide; and their actions are affected by personal or written contact.

In Mountain View, for example, a new general plan is being studied. Audubon members there should be concerned about whether or not the plans for the baylands take full advantage of the conservation as well as recreational resources. A committee of Mountain View Audubon members could be formed which would review certain aspects of the proposed general plan and make any appropriate recommendations. Anyone interested?

On the county level we already have an excellent group which has been working for a long time now - The Citizens for Parks and Open Space in Santa Clara County. They have been quite active in everything from streamside park chains to billboard ordinances. We need at least one Audubon member who is willing to attend the monthly meetings in San Jose and be our contact. For information, please call me.

We can and must do more.

Herb Grench, President 321-7994

Pleas!

In our efforts to acquaint people with birds, with their and our natural surroundings, and with the need to conserve some natural surroundings, we give financial aid and "lip service". But what do we give of ourselves, of our time, to educate people to this need? Not much for most of us! If we want open space to remain for our birding and communing with nature, then we must teach others of its value. The best place to begin is with the children. If we can make them aware of their natural world, it will be held too valuable to defile with parking lots, dumps, freeways, and monotonous rows of tract houses.

During the past three years, more and more groups of people have heard--usually to their amazement-- that our Audubon Society will introduce them to birds with slides or a field trip. Most of these groups are children--young, easily satisfied, and impressionable. If you will spend half an hour twice a year taking a scout group to see the birds of the marshes, or showing a fourth grade class twenty slides of birds they might see in their yards, you will make a <u>lasting</u> impression, one which can help push through the vote to create a park or to stop a Rampart Dam.

(continued on page 14)

Pleas! (continued from page 13)

The first half hour is the hardest, especially in anticipation. After that, you, too, will join my education committee in saying, "It was so easy." It is easy. If you can get your first talk or walk, you will volunteer again.

Unfortunately, only half a dozen people have tried that first step-most of them in Palo Alto. How often can I call on the same people to give of themselves and their time?

I am receiving one or two calls each week for programs and bird walks. As spring approaches, the number will double and triple. Shall I turn down our chances to gain a friend for Audubon and a voice for conservation because no one will help? Don't point your finger at someone else and say, "Oh, I couldn't. Ask him." Please help--not me, but us, and our common goal to save our birds and the habitats they need.

I shall do everything I can to help your first time, and shall supply slides, screen, projector, and some ideas. I know you will offer your services the next time.

But if a lot of you members from every city in our SCVAS area do not volunteer now, our educational program will come to a halt because not enough people really care enough to give of themselves.

Diane Conradson
Education Chairman
327-2512

Board Meeting

The SCVAS met at the home of the La Rivieres on December 15 for pot-luck supper in honor of "Smitty", Mr. Claude Smith, who is moving to Tacoma. About twenty-five attended including board and chairmen with husbands and wives.

After supper Mr. Turner expressed the good wishes of the group for Smitty, and in reminiscence of his many contributions to the society as leader of field trips, also recalled the first meeting on Smitty's mountain top back of Saratoga in 1962. On this occasion the Boy Scouts gathered wild blackberries, and members, especially Mrs. Turner, discovered a great appreciation of mountain blackberry ice cream. The recent Sunset book, "National Parks of the West", was presented, and Smitty gracefully accepted, mentioning his debt to Miss Emily Smith as his teacher when he first joined the group. He also emphasized the value of lots of people being involved and working for the society.

A brief meeting followed.

Mrs. Conradson offered to post notices of public field trips in Mitchell Park and the main library.

Volunteers, so far, to attend Bay Conservation and Development Commission meetings as observers, are Miss Harriet Mundy and Mrs. Howard Crittenden. Dr. Harvey will act as consultant ecologist in the area of effects of fill on wildlife.

Mrs. Angelina Snow, on account of illness, resigned as membership chairman. Mrs. Caroline Davis agreed to take over the membership files.

(Continued on page 15.)

Board Meeting (Continued from page 14.)

Dr. Grench told us about the dinner meeting attended by representatives of conservation groups. Mr. John Zerold as the legislative advocate of the Planning and Conservation League for Legislative Action was the speaker. Because of our tax exempt status, the Audubon Society cannot directly support political action. The League will hopefully be supported by individuals who are concerned about plans consonant with conservation values. (See League's address and types of membership, p. 6, Jan. Avocet).

Mrs. Conradson reported that Mr. Bill McKay requested that the Audubon Society send representatives to hearings on cases of illegal shooting of birds.

Respectfully submitted,
Frances Felin
Secretary

Conservation Notes

At the present time, quite a number of our members are acting as spokesmen, representatives, or observers at various hearings and meetings of the increasingly numerous organizations that are concerning themselves with Conservation, in one form or another, in the San Francisco Bay Area. Each one of us should keep informed of the current trend and development of conservation issues particularly important to our own community and local area, and should actively participate in community conservation problems. BUT we definitely cannot assume a provincial "isolationism", and neglect the issues of broader scope. For example, what would be the value of areas of our portion of the Bay designated as resting and feeding sanctuaries for waterfowl, if the number of such birds is greatly reduced due to our apathy regarding the exploitation and despoliation of breeding areas, and other related areas, in distant portions of our state, or the Pacific Northwest?

Our own <u>AUDUBON MAGAZINE</u> is an excellent source of information regarding the conservation issues with which Audubon members should be concerned. "The President Reports" specifically mentions a number of issues in which we should be interested enough to write letters, at least. If you have your copies of the May-June and the July-August 1963 issues, read the articles written by H. Charles Laun (referred to in Mr. Buchheister's footnote). They are full of facts to use in opposing the continuation of county and state bounties on so-called "dangerous" predators.

President Buchheister's report on "Congress in 1966" mentions a number of conservation measures of extreme importance that are waiting for action in the second session of the 89th Congress. Most of these are issues that have been discussed previously, both in <u>Audubon Magazine</u> and in <u>The Avocet</u>. Of particular importance (because of the probable effects on us, more or less directly) are the "Endangered Species Bill", the proposed Rampart Dam in Alaska, the proposed dams in the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, and measures proposing a Redwood National Park.

Conservation Notes (Continues from page 15.)

President Buchheister personally represented the Audubon Society at the U.S. Forest Service hearings on the San Rafael Wilderness Area. These hearings were mentioned in a previous Avocet, and are of importance to us because of the effect on the California Condors. Sources of information should be watched carefully for results of the hearings.

The California Highway Commission has decided not to construct the proposed four-lane highway through Prairie Creek Redwoods State Park. This is wonderful news, - as far as it goes! BUT A HIGHWAY IS SURE TO BE CONSTRUCTED, somewhere in that coastal area. There are, at present, four different proposals. This tends to confuse the issue, for all routes cannot be equally desirable.

The best information that I have seen on the "Endangered Species Bill" is Charles Callison"s column "The National Outlook", in the January-February Audubon Magazine. It contains excellent material that can be included in letters supporting this bill. After you read the article, I am sure you will feel that informing your Senator and Congressman of your feelings in the matter is a MUST.

Also calling for careful and thoughtful reading is Frank Griffin's article, "Visit to a Drowning Canyon". Even if you have previously expressed your opinion on this matter, a letterof reassurance may not be amiss; increased support is going to be needed when the measure comes up in the second session.

I do not recall when an issue of Audubon Magazine has contained so much food-for-conservation-thought as the current issue! The article "The Convention Views Our Environment", by John Vosburgh, and the articles that follow it, certainly contain plenty to think about.

Maybe we'll find that parts of those articles certainly do apply to our community. (For instance, drive south on the Sunnyvale-Saratoga Road (Highway 9)--there is a most noticeable difference in the environment of that portion of the highway between Bollinger Road and Prospect Avenue, compared with the portions to the north or the south!)

John Strohm, in his editorial in the Dec.-Jan. issue of National Wildlife has over a page of things that an individual can do to take an active part in the conservation movement, and an additional page of projects for group action. Maybe some of these can be listed and briefly discussed in the next Avocet.

L. N. Case Conservation Chairman

New Members

We welcome our new members at meetings and on field trips:

Jo Ann Bizarro
14815 Sutton Dr.
San Jose, Calif. 95124
Mrs. Lucille G. Golden
c/o R. Rountree
269 Geneseo Rd.
San Antonio, Texas

Mr. & Mrs. Robert G. Wilson 181 Coleridge Ave. Palo Alto, Calif. 94301 Miss Joyce Friedman 940 So. California Palo Alto, Calif. 94306 Mr. & Mrs. Joseph Kresse 1021 Couper Street Palo Alto, Calif. 94301

Mrs. Marie A. Siddens 5102 Kingston Way San Jose, Calif. (Continued on page 17.)

Notes from Afield

There was a very good turnout of about twenty three cars on this chilly day of high fog. A fine species total of 64 was reported by the leader, though all persons did not have the good fortune to spot this many. I've cut the list down to the most notable, underlining the highlights: Forned Grebe, Eared Grebe, Western Grebe, Double-chrested Cormorant, Great Blue Heron, Common Egret, Black-crowned Night Heron, American Bittern, Canada Goose, White-fronted Goose, Snow Goose, Ross' Goose, Mallard, Gadwall, Pintail, Green-winged Teal, Cinnamon Teal, American Widgeon, Shoveler, Redhead, Bufflehead, Ruddy Duck; Sharp-shinned, Red-tailed, Swainson's, Marsh and Sparrow Hawks; Sandhill Crane, Great Horned Owl, Belted Kingfisher, Horned Lark, Marsh Wren, Water Pipit, Cedar Waxwing, Loggerhead Shrike, Starling, Audubon's Warbler, and Tri-colored Blackbird.

E.G.C.

Frank Ettle Persimmon Orchard in Skyland--Dec. 18. Leader - Mrs. H. Washburn of the Santa Cruz Bird Club with Mrs. Wittgenstein as SCVAS coordinator.

Both birders and birds were welcome at the Ettle orchard on a lovely day in the mountains and were afforded a beautiful view of the sea. Typical mountain birds were enjoyed.

Jan. 1 - At frozen Tule Lake two Bald Eagles, one flying and one eating a Pheasant. Also, in same area were close to 300 Mountain Bluebirds. On Lower Klamath Refuge were about 50 Burrowing Owls or more, plus many flocks of Pheasants, Meadowlarks, Horned Larks, etc.

Margaret and John Henderson

Jan. 2 - At her Saratoga home, one Red-breasted Nuthatch.
Mrs. Wittgenstein

Dec. - One Saw-whet Owl in the La Honda area. Al Wool

Dec. 5 - Golden Plovers were still being seen in a wet field by the sewage plant at the end of Zanker Road in Alviso. They were discovered there two weeks earlier on the Christmas count by Dr. Harvey and Dr. Harrington. There may still be an opportunity to view this rare species.

Kay McCann

Dec. 6 - Anna's Hummingbirds are already performing their nuptial dive--seen in two different areas in same day. Emelie Curtis

Rodeo Lagoon and Richardson's Bay-- Jan. 9. Leader - Ralph Trullinger It was a fairly warm day with a very slight breeze in the Golden Gate Bridge area. Red-throated Loons (about seven) made a good showing. The Western, Eared, Pied-billed and Horned Grebes were seen plus the following ducks: Surf-scoter, Lesser Scaup, Mallard, Buffle-head, Red-breasted Merganser, Goldeneye, Pintail, Shoveler, Canvasback, Ruddy, American Widgeon, and a female Hooded Merganser, the highlight of the day for many, though in frustrating backlighting was ably picked out by Val De Costa. The total number of species came to 56.

Field Notes Compiler--E.G. Curtis

New Members (Continued from page 16.)

Paul W. Rosenberg (Student) 1543 Samedra Street Sunnyvale, Calif. Mrs. Stephen Thiermann 1111 Greenwood Ave. Palo Alto, Calif.

One Road

The Page Mill Coordinating Committee was formed in April, 1965 by a group of about twenty people representing a broad range of interests but all concerned with the future of Page Mill Road and the character of land development along its route to Skyline. Because Page Mill Road traverses so many municipal and county jurisdictions, it was felt that only an ad hoc body could adequately perform a study of Page Mill's problems. The Santa Clara Valley Audubon Society was represented on the Committee.

The Committee's purpose was to study the entire length of the road and to provide a positive program to:

1. Satisfactorily meet the increasing traffic needs of the area.

2. Preserve and enhance the scenic and recreational aspects of

Page Mill Road.

3. Integrate the development of Page Mill Road into the general concept of preserving open areas for a regional park and scenic route system, even though this concept extends well beyond the immediate area of concern.

To meet the seemingly incompatible goals of this program, the Page Mill Road Coordinating Committed made four recommendations:

1. The relatively undeveloped portions of Page Mill Road (along the Frenchman's Tower area and from Arastradero Road to Skyline) should be retained as a "recreation road" in accordance with the Santa Clara County General Plan and improve-

ments should be limited to resurfacing.

2. An additional traffic route to the Skyline area, also having the qualities of a recreation road, should be developed. Such route would generally follow a line along Arastradero Road to Alpine Road, then parallel the upper portion of Alpine Road. Multi-jurisdictional support will be a very real requirement in implementing this particular recommendation.

3. A trail system to meet the needs of hikers, bikers and horseback riders should be developed. Such non-vehicular traffic is an important part of Peninsula living and its safe enjoy-

ment should be retained in any development scheme.

4. To take full advantage of the recreational qualities the Committee seeks to establish a full system of small parks, picnic areas, and vista points along the length of Page Mill Road.

Since the problem of Page Mill Road is regional, the Committee urges the formation of a steering committee consisting of representatives from each of the jurisdictions if the total program envisioned in this report is to be achieved.

Copies of the Committee's report are available to anyone at the Palo Alto Chamber of Commerce, or call me at 321-7994.

Norma Grench

From Our Readers

Nancy and Peter Holmes had a good look at a baffling bird at the bird bath in their yard which adjoins Adobe Creed in Palo Alto: jay-sized, shiny black with bright blue on the back of the head and the back, and a spot of blue on the side.

(Continued on page 19.)

From Our Readers (Continued from page 18.)

Dear Friend:

Tho I am no longer a member since moving here from the Portland area, I am still an avid Birder and like to report anything of interest to the Society. Our back yard is quite a bird-sanctuary with several feeders and bath. One of the Hummingbird feeders is on the screen just outside our main back window bring the patrons to within a few inches of our eyes. About a month ago a beautiful Audubon Warbler began coming to it for sips of syrup. Sometimes he would come every few minutes. I made a little perch close by for him which he used at every trip. Is this a common thing for them? There are still several Hummingbirds coming for food. Do they stay here all winter?

During the time of the Christmas bird-count I was ailing and unable to get out, but watched thru the windows and saw the following list. It may not be of value to you but will give an idea of the birds in this area. Most kinds were patrons at the food trays.

Numbers are approximate.

12 Golden Crowned Sparrows, 12 W.C. Sparrows, 12 Eng. Sp., 20 Linnets, 4 Brown Towhees, 2 Cal. Thrashers, 2 Mocking Birds, 2 Plain Titmice, 4 Anna's Hummingbirds, 1 Audubon Warbler, 2 Cal. Jays (the foregoing are patrons of food trays). 60 Cedar Waxwings, 30 Brewer Blackbirds, 20 Red-wing Blackbirds, 10 Starlings, 12 Gulls (not sure of kind). 1 Hawk (not identified), 2 Turtle Doves, 4 Chest-nut-backed Chickadees, 6 Bush Tits, 1 G.C. Kinglet. Total, 21 varieties.

Thank you,

Sincerely,

A. V. Oliver 1445 Latham Mt. View, Calif.

Please send in any ideas you have on these questions or on those raised in Dr. Mewalkt's description of the Christmas Count. (For example, look at the figures for the Varied Thrush.) Send comments to The Editor, 453 Tennessee Lane, Palo Alto.

Avocet

Our publication appears monthly except July and August. It is \$2.00 a year for non-members. Please submit material, preferably typed and double-spaced, by the 15th of each month.

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1965 CHRISTMAS BIRD COUNT

The 1965 San Jose, California, Christmas Bird Count sponsored by the Santa Clara Valley Audubon Society was made between 4:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. on Sunday 26 December 1965. Ralph Trullinger directed the count with sector leaders H. Thomas Harvey, Fanny Zwall, Roy Cameron, Phil Gordon and Al Wool. Fifty-nine persons participated in the count, and most assembled for the summary between 4:30 and 6:30 p.m. in the Friendship Room at Security Savings on Alum Rock Avenue in San Jose. L. Richard Mewaldt served as compiler. Refreshments were arranged and served by Era McRae and the social committee.

The traditional count area is within the 15-mile diameter circle whose center is at Capitol Avenue and Maybury Road. Estimates of time spent and distances traveled by the 59 observers in 21 parties included 141 party hours (66 on foot and 75 by car) and 453 party miles (62 on foot and 391 by car). The weather was clear to partly cloudy with visibility excellent and wind from 0 to 5 m.p.h. from the NW. Temperatures varied from 34° to 60° during the count period. Rainfall for the season was somewhat above normal, but access to most areas was without problems.

Approximate time spent in the several habitats was: grassland and pasture 17%, deciduous orchard 15%, oak woodland 10%, canyon stream 10%, valley stream 8%, town suburbs 8%, formal parks 6%, chaparral 6%, salt water marsh 5%, fresh water lakes 5%, cultivated croplands 5%, sanitary fill 3%, bay salt water 1%, fresh water marsh 1%

A new high of 149 species well exceeds our previous high of 139 in 1961. A total count of 64,567 also exceeds the previous high of 1963 by more than two thousand birds. The recent improvement in the thoroughness of coverage in the Alviso and Alum Rock Sectors accounts for most of this increase. Table 1 reviews the species count by sectors 1957 to 1965. A selective review of species sighted shows that exclusive sightings in 1965 were Alviso 37, Southwest 3, Evergreen 2, Alum Rock 8 and Calaveras 4.

Table 1

	enia enime	Number of	Species by	Sector 1957	- 1965	All
Year	Alviso	Southwest	Evergreen	Alum Rock	Calaveras	Sectors
1957	66	47	63	64	78	115
1958	65	52	58	64	82	122
1959	54	51	69	68	84	125
1960	71	73	75	67	82	130
1961	78	65	82	66	83	139
1962	75	50	65	64	83	128
1963	90	52	68	78	93	138
1964	96	44	62	78	83	138
1965	107	52	62	84	88	149

Of some interest is the observation that our new high is not due to new and exceptional species (with one notable exception) -- it is because we have done a more thorough job of accounting for our regular winter avifauna. All species sighted, except for the Golden Plover, have been seen more or less regularly and are to be expected in the San Jose area. (Continued on page 21.)

1965 Christmas Bird Count (Continued from page 20.)

The highlight this year was the Golden Plovers sighted by Thomas Harvey and Edward Harrington and also studied by Kay and Ray McCann. They were observed at length in the Alviso Sector in a short grass cow pasture east of Zanker Road. Two and later three were seen through binoculars and spotting scope in company with Killdeers and Blackbellied Plovers. The birds obliged observers by occasionally taking short flights which revealed certain confirming characteristics.

The 107 species of birds counted in the Alviso Sector marks the first time any sector has exceeded 100 species. I suggest that there are more than 120 species present in that sector. The problems include gaining access to certain critical areas and expanding even more their present excellent coverage with competent observers. The hew high of 84 species in the Alum Rock Sector reflects the intensive coverage applied to that area which of course does not have the species potential of Alviso. This was in spite of successful escape of detection by such species as the Downy and Hairy Woodpeckers, both of which were probably present somewhere in the Alum Rock Sector.

A new high in number of individuals sighted (10,171) in the Southwest Sector reflects a careful coverage in which they turned up the only Hutton Vireo and only Turkey Vulture of the count. Up more than six thousand from 1964, the 15 counters in the Southwest were a potent factor in our new high total of individual birds.

The five counters in two parties in the Evergreen Sector did well to get their 62 species—as low a species count as in any recent year. That sector has in the recent past averaged 12 observers in 4 parties. The Evergreen Sector has, in my opinion, a potential of nearly 100 species—as does the Calaveras Sector—if each could be thoroughly covered they would be revealed.

Table 2 presents recent counts of certain species. Reasons for the trends in numbers tempt me to comment--I shall instead leave them for your own agile minds and perhaps some warm and fruitful discussions.

Table 2
Numbers of selected species counted in the San Jose area 1958-65

Year	Gulls All Spp.	Avocet	Starling	Robin	Varied Thrush	Blackbirds Spp.	Brown Towhee
1958	20,854	149	110	1. 194	81	7,884	281
1959	17,085	68	98	1,602	10	3,288	243
1960	12,020	59	255	650	91	9,655	290
1961	10,662	104	202	3,058	13	10,289	308
1962	15,544	254	1,806	79	17	12,737	230
1963	14,019	72	4,105	565	1	7,799	287
1964	16,504	61	1,872	312	11	12,361	284
1965	8,221	355	3,328	402	312	10,879	360

(Continued on page 22.)

- 1965 Christmas Bird Count (Continued from page 21.)
 - The 1965 sector leaders and their teams were as follows:
- Alviso: H. Thomas Harvey, Eve Case, Lloyd Case, Jill Cisne, John Cisne, Bob Claybole, Doug Claypole, Rick Claypole, Emelie Curtis, Edward Harrington, Kay McCann, Ray McCann, Parbara Taylor, M. F. Vessel.
- Southwest: Fanny Zwaal, John Brokenshire, Clifford C. Daniels, Edell Gustafson, John Henderson, Margaret Henderson, Barbara Luick, Will Luick, Anne Mudge, Fannie Pargot, Dennis Patt, Ralph Trullinger, Howard Wolcott, Margaret Wolcott, Charles Zwaal.
- Evergreen: Roy Cameron, Bill Cameron, Florence Drufee, Luke Rohlfing, Manette Wittgenstein.
- Alum Rock: Phil Gordon, Betty Lou Burge, Jim Lynch, Ruthanne Lynch, Richard Sandkuhle, Donald Schmoldt, Gordon Sujimoto, Franklin Sunzeri, Jack Tonkin.
- Calaveras: A. J. Wool, Denise Deleuran, Douglas Greenberg, Joseph Greenberg, Russell Greenberg, Russell Griswold, Ray Lancaster, Bill Mewaldt, L. Richard Mewaldt, C. L. Sleeper, Howard Sleeper, Nell Sleeper, Dorothy Wool, Howard Wool, Martha Wyatt, Richard Wyatt.

Table 3
Summary of San Jose, California 1965 Christmas
Bird Count by Sectors

Species South- Ever- Alum Alviso west green Rock Calaveras All Sector Sector Sector Sector Sector Sector	7
The state of the s	
Horned Grebe 17 - 17	
Eared Grebe 1043 1043	
Western Grebe 1 1	1
	2
Pled-billed Grebe 14 - 1 - 8 23 Double-crested Cormorant 4)
Great Blue Heron 5 - 1 - 2	2
Common Egret 11 11)
Snowy Egret 27 27	
Black-crowned	
Night Heron 1 1	
Canada Goose 12 12 1272 1296	5
Snow Goose 1 1	
Mallard 2 - 4 56 62	2
Gadwall 1 - 4 - 4	5
Pintail 67 - 3 - 50 120	5
Green-winged Teal 2 - 65 69	
Cinnamon Teal 2	2
American Widgeon 17 1	
Shoveler 566 566	
wood Duck 34 - 34	
Canvasback 10 1	
Ring-necked 5 2 34 41	
Lesser Scaup 23 17 40	
Common Goldeneye 7	7
Bufflehead 1 - 4 -	5
Duck, Spp. 100 150 250)
Ruddy Duck 2100 - 100 75 57 2333	
Common Merganser 4 4 122 130	
(Continued on page 23.)	

1965 Christmas Bird Count (Continued from page 22.)

Species	Alviso	South- west	Ever- green	Alum Rock	Calaveras All
	Sector	Sector	Sector	Sector	
Hawk, Spp.	7	1	-	131-	- 8
Turkey Vulture	-	1	-	1 -1	- 1
White-tailed Kite	19	2	-	-	4 25
Sharp-shinned Hawk	-	-	-	1	hadrin- and da 1
Cooper's Hawk	-	1	13.5	6	1 8
Red-tailed Hawk	11	3	5	18	12 49
Golden Eagle	1 2			3	9 13 2
Marsh Hawk	15	11	10	14	33 83
Sparrow Hawk California Quail	22	61	100	139	108 430
Ring-necked Pheasant	32	01	100	1	19 55
Clapper Rail	4	I	_	_	- 4
Virginia Rail	1		-	-	_ 1
American Coot	2065	-	110	10	435 2620
Semipalmated Plover	9	1	-	-	- 10
Snowy Plover	1	100	11-	-	- 1
Killdeer	149	85	10	- 23	123 390
American Golden Plover	3	-	-	-	- 3
Black-bellied Plover Common Snipe	126	047	1 "	-	- 126
Long-billed Curlew	67 104		15		4 86 - 104
Whimbrel	9				104
Spotted Sandpiper	4				2 6
Willet	270		- 4	all 141-1	- 270
Greater Yellowlegs	12	-	-	Hattar.	1 13
Lesser Yellowlegs	4	-	-	-	- 4
Least Sandpiper	1354	-	-	-	2 1356
Dunlin	674	-	-	-	- 674
Short-billed Dowitcher	36	-	-	-	- 36
Long-billed Dowitcher Western Sandpiper	50 1915				- 50 2 1917
Marbled Godwit	382				- 382
American Avocet	355		_	-	- 355
Black-necked Stilt	16	-	-	-	- 355 - 16
Glaucous-winged Gull	66	-	-	6	- 72
Western Gull	-	116	-	-	- 116
Herring Gull	431	112	-	40	- 583
California Gull	449	322	-	1	2 774
Ring-billed Gull	340	80	3 -	2	316 738
Mew Gull Bonaparte's Gull	31	-	-	-	- 31 - 1524
Gull, Spp.	1524 2520	545	29	44	1245 4383
Forster's Tern	16	242	27	44	- 16
Band-tailed Pigeon	-			210	350 560
Mourning Dove	110	143	49	25	31 358
Barn Owl	1	0.4	-	-	- 1
Screech Owl	-	-	1	5	- 6
Great Horned Owl	24	1	-	TO THE	1 26
Burrowing Owl	-	-	-	14	- 14
Short-eared Owl	2		-		- 2
		1 ~			t. A

(Continued on page 24.)

1965 Christmas Bird Count (Continued from page 23.)

	Alviso	South- west	Ever- green	Alum Rock	Calaveras	A1.1
Species	Sector	Sector	Sector	Sector	Sector	Sectors
White-throated Swift Anna's Hummingbird Belted Kingfisher Yellow-sharted Flicker Red-shafted Flicker Acorn Woodpecker Lewis' Woodpecker Yellow-bellied Sapsuck Hairy Woodpecker Downy Woodpecker Nuttall's Woodpecker Black Phoebe Say's Phoebe Horned Lark Steller's Jay Scrub Jay Yellow-billed Magpie Common Raven	50 5 - 21 - 21 - 2 - 8 1 15 - 12	24 1 59 4 - 4 - 70	3 1 32 18 - 1 7 4 - 7 68 53	3 20 1 - 52 35 - 1 - 10 9 4 - 47 114 34 1	- 3 3 1 50 25 1 3 - 10 13 10 74 37 72 144 4	53 55 6 1 214 82 1 9 1 37 36 15 89 91 336 231 5
Common Crow Chestnut-backed	10	40	14	8	36	108
Chickadee Plain Titmouse Common Bushtit White-breasted Nuthatch Red-breasted Nuthatch Brown Creeper Wrentit Dipper House Wren Winter Wren Bewick's Wren Long-billed Marsh Wren Canon Wren Rock Wren Mockingbird California Thrasher Robin Varied Thrush Hermit Thrush Western Bluebird Golden-crowned Kinglet Ruby-crowned Kinglet Ruby-crowned Kinglet Water Pipit Cedar Waxwing Loggerhead Shrike Starling Hutton's Vireo Orange-crowned Warbler Myrtle Warbler Black-throated	1 3 32 27 48 1 2 131 22 2790	11 8 119 - - - 5 - 104 1 271 - 3 1 - 8 230 6 233 3	59 74 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	64 25 167 10 -4 23 -1 25 -1 24 11 36 77 14 28 1 69 96 118 8 66	135 20 119 61 -31 -10 -1 22 -34 218 55 -51 27 33 210 -4	314 56 539 18 1 26 1 2 46 32 2 204 18 402 312 27 86 1 142 254 386 53 33 33 38 31 5
Grey Warbler	90 0	(Liberary)	-	1	-	1

(Continued on page 25.)

1965 Christmas Bird Count (Continued from page 24.)

Species	Alviso Sector	South- west Sector	Ever- green Sector	Alum Rock Sector	Calaveras Sector	All Sectors
Townsend's Warbler Audubon's Warbler Yellowthroat House Sparrow Western Meadowlark Red-winged Blackbird Tricolored Blackbird Brewer's Blackbird Brown-headed Cowbird Purple Finch House Finch Pine Siskin American Goldfinch Lesser Goldfinch Rufous-sided Towhee Brown Towhee Savannah Sparrow Lark Sparrow Rufous-crowned Sparro Oregon Junco White-crowned Sparro Golden-crowned Sparro Golden-crowned Sparro	241 5 405 377 266 1154 64 1366 2 62 47 30 41 0W 508 0W 335 0W	122 524 376 23 2918 825 135 1402 112 102 486 437	147 92 318 440 5 1700 4 2260 144 192 8 49 3 47 183 2580 150	5 263 293 104 699 617 1 1035 12 8 436 31 114 35 5 217 695 233	2 39 186 967 2090 902 - 1014 13 108 200 22 55 30 35 4 320 242 605	7 812 5 1500 2142 3518 7291 65 4 6500 27 457 2277 66 360 109 82 9 847 4511 1760
Fox Sparrow Lincoln's Sparrow Song Sparrow	5 5 75	8	- 2	11 4 10	5 19	25 9 114
Total number of Birds	25,562	10,171	9,265	6,735	12,834	64,567
Total Number of Species	107	52	62	84	88	149

⁻⁻ L. Richard Mewaldt, Compiler