# The Avocet

Volume X Number 2

February, 1963

#### President's Message

On March 7 the education committee of our Society is giving a conservation program for the Palo Alto Kiwanis Club at Hyatt-Rickey's Studio Inn. The committee plans to show a color and sound moving picture called "Next Door to Nature". This is a Sterra Club presentation and it was filmed around our neighboring city of Berkeley. In addition to showing the film, one of our members will outline the nature and activities of our local Audubon Society and what it has to offer the Santa Clara Valley community.

The education committee plans to extend this kind of program to service clubs, church groups, garden clubs, boy and girl scout gatherings, PTA and other school meetings. The plan is to arrange 2 to 4 engagements a month to give this program during March, April and May.

Although we now own a projector for 16mm film, the Society does not yet own a film and must rent each film used. Toward the purchase of the film "Next Door to Nature" \$100 has been given and another \$100 is needed. Such a gift would greatly facilitate the work of the education committee. --- Warren M. Turner

#### Has the House Interior Committee Read These Words?

"Something will have gone out of us as a people if we ever let the remaining wilderness be destroyed; if we permit the last virgin forests to be turned into comic books and plastic cigarette cases; if we drive the few remaining members of the wild species into zoos or extinction; if we pollute the last clear air and dirty the last clear streams, and push our paved roads through the last of silence, so that never again will Americans be free in their own country from the noise, the exhausts the stinks of human and automotive waste ... We simply need that wild country available to us, even if we never do more than drive to its edge and look in. For it can be a means of reassuring ourselves of our samity as creatures, as part of the geography of hope."

---Wallace Stegner, Director of Stanford's Creative Writing

Center

## Coming Events at a Glance

Sat. Feb. 2 9:00 a.m. San Juan Bautista Mon. Feb. 4 7:30 p.m. Stanford University Mon. Feb. 11 8:00 p.m. San Jose Wed. Feb. 13 8:45 a.m. Villa Lontalvo Sat. & Sun. Feb. 16 & 17 9:00 a.m. Los Banos and Morro Bay Wed. Feb. 27 9:00 a.m. Huddart Park

#### February Calendar

There are no Screen Tours in February. See March Avocet for details of last Tour this season.

Board Meeting:

Monday, February 4, at 7:30 p.m. at the home of Warren M. Turner, 646 Alvarado Row, Stanford University.

Regular Meeting:

Monday, February 11, at 8:00 p.m. at Rosegarden Branch, San Jose Public Library, Dana and Naglee Streets. A conservation seminar on the subject "Man's Pollution of His Environment" will be led by Dr. H.T. Harvey, Dr. Henry Weston and Dr. Richard Hartesveldt of the Dept. of Biological Sciences, San Jose State College. Part of the discussion will concern Rachel Carson's Silent Spring.

<u>Saturday</u>, <u>February 2</u>, to San Juan Bautista, Meet at the Mission Plaza at 9:00 a.m. Bring lunch. Leader: Wilma Thompson (FR 8-4333).

Wednesday Morning, February 13, to the Villa Montalvo Arboretum, which is being established by the Santa Clara County Parks and Recreation Department. This is a trip for those who enjoy both trees and birds. To reach Villa Montalvo, turn right onto Montalvo Road from the Saratoga-Los Gatos Road, about half a mile south of Saratoga. From there it is about a mile to the Villa. Meet at 8:45 a.m. in the Parking Lot I, on north side of the Villa. Leaders: Miss Alberta Edell (354-4979) and Miss Emily Smith (354-2494).

Saturday and Sunday, February 16 & 17, overnight trip to Morro Bay.

Meeting place and time: Tiny's Restaurant in Los Banos at 9 a.m.

February 16. After a visit at the Los Banos Wildlife Refuge, we will drive south on State Route 33 and, hopefully, see the wintering Mountain Plovers. We will arrive at Morro Bay in the late afternoon. Ample accommodations are available at the Golden Tee and other establishments. The next morning we expect to see many shore birds and ducks on the surrounding marshes. Bring lunch for Saturday. Trip will be cancelled if it rains. In case of doubt call leaders the evening of February 15. (Herbert and Manette Wittgenstein 354-9420.)

Wednesday, February 27, to Huddart Park on King's Mountain Road between Tripp Road and Skyline Blvd. Meet at 9:00 a.m. at the Park entrance. The Park is crowded in summer, but nearly vacant in winter with chaparral and wooded areas to explore. Directions: at the intersection of Woodside Road and King's Mountain Rd. turn west and continue 2 miles on King's Mountain Rd. to the Park entrance. The leader: Virginia Bothwell (322-1209).

We welcome with great pleasure the following new members:

Co. & Mrs. T.T. Kilday
Mr. & Mrs. Richard Karren
Mr. Malcolm L. Sargent (Student)
Mr. & Mrs. W. Robert Smith
Mr. & Mrs. Douglas Mouton
Master Carl Burchfiel
Mr. Henry Turk (Subscriber)

140 Avalon Dr., Los Altos 1488 Merry Lane, San Jose 28 ent) 3015 - 197 Bayshore Blvd.Redwood City 2070 Homestead Rd., Santa Clara 1655 Santa Clara St., Santa Clara 1705 Harte Dr., San Jose 151 Carroll St., Vallejo --Angelina Snow, Membership Chairman

# Can You Help Our Telerione Committee?

Our Santa Clara Valley Audubon Society has had a telephone committee since October of 1961 with organized groups in the north county areas, but we have no organized committee in San Jose, and we need volunteers to help form a group there. If you can help, please call or get in touch with Mrs. W. H. Pillow, 675 Orange Ave., Los Altos (948-1300).

.---Bernice Pillow

#### Slides of Western Birds Needed

The Education Committee has been given a gift of \$30 with which to buy 35mm bird slides. They cost \$1.00 each, many are not suitable for our purpose, and many western birds are not available. Of the 45 ordered, at least 25 must be returned as unsatisfactory. If you have any good bird slides, from house finches to pelicans, and would like to assist our program, please send the slides or have duplicates made and send them to:

Mrs. Diane Conradson 255 Edlee Ave., Palo Alto (325-2512)

Particularly needed are slides of the following birds: Allen's Humming-bird; Gold-crowned Sparrow; American and Snowy Egrets; Olive-sided Flycatcher; California Thrasher; Wrentit; Bushtit; Chestnut-backed Chickadee; Long-billed Curlew; Forster's Tern; Gulls: California, Western, Ring-billed. Please contact Mrs. Conradson as soon as possible if you can supply any slides.

## Last Reminder - Asilomar Conference

Apparently, many members and their friends missed the announcement of the National Audubon Western Conference to be held at Asilomar April 6 to 9. However, a card sent today to "Audubon Western Conference, 2426 Bancroft Way, Berkeley 4, California", will bring you by return mail the full Program and Registration Form. Expanded dining room facilities have made it possible to accommodate persons living off the grounds or desiring to participate on a daily basis as indicated on the Registration Form. Be sure NOT to miss "OUR LIVING HERITAGE-GOING, WHERE?" Write today and join your friends.

---Bill Goodall, Western Representative

## CONSERVATION NOTES

WHAT'S AHEAD? THE FIGHT FOR THE WILDERNESS BILL MUST BE REPEATED.

The Wilderness Bill, it will be recalled, was passed by the Senate, 78 to 8, in the last Congress, but it did not reach the floor of the House, due to parliamentary manipulations by its opponents. In the new Congress that convenes in January, it must again be reported by the Interior Committees of both House and Senate, be passed by both bodies, and signed by the President to become law. Opponents of the Wilderness Bill have spread misleading and false information about the bill. Another of their tactics has been to tell the public and legislators that the bill is "very complicated" and "difficult to understand". It is really a simple measure. Conservationists should be

aware of the facts and should set the truth before the public. One reason that the bill can be made to sound complicated is that many people have not learned the distinction between the different categories of federal lands such as National Forests, National Parks, Wildlife Refuges, and Public Domain.

There are certain facts which we, as conservation-minded people, should keep in mind when we are talking or writing about the Wilder-

ness Bill:

1) IT WOULD NOT (as opponents have falsely asserted) CLOSE DOWN ANY MINE, STOP ANY LOGGING OPERATION, CANCEL ANY GRAZING PERMIT, OR ABROGATE ANY VALID MINING CLAIM.

Any existing mines could continue to operate.

No logging or lumbering is now going on in any of the areas that would be affected.

There are vast timber reserves as yet unharvested in the ninetytwo percent (92%) of the National Forests that would be unaffected.

2) IT WOULD NOT PUT ANYONE OUT OF WORK.

On the contrary, it would boost the recreation and tourist business in states that could advertise "Wilderness Attractions".

3) IT WOULD NOT CREATE ANY "NEW" AREAS OF WILDERNESS.

Wilderness cannot be created --- but once gone, it is gone forever!

4) IT WOULD NOT AFFECT STATE WATER LAWS OR PRIVATE WATER RIGHTS.

5) IT WOULD NOT PROHIBIT HUNTING IN THE NATIONAL FORESTS, NOR PERMIT IT IN THE NATIONAL PARKS.

THE COYOTE CREEK STRING OF PARKS has been talked about by the County

Board of Supervisors for years. While
no definite action has been taken toward establishing this chain, the
supervisors are aware of the fact that land values are not getting
cheaper as time goes by. Members of our Society should keep an eye on
the proceedings of the County Board of Supervisors and do what they can
to let the Board know how important such a chain of parks would be to
our young people, not only for recreation, but also educationally.
This park system is still just in the "talking-stage"; now is the time
when the inclusion of a Nature Center should be considered. Once the
bull-dozers start, it will be too late! National Audubon has a newly
created "Nature Centers Division", organized for the sole purpose of
helping communities get such centers established. Information regarding this service will be available at the next regular meeting. The
Conservation Committee will need your support ("active", as well as
"moral") in its plans to get serious and favorable consideration of a
Nature Center in one of our future Parks.

---Lloyd N. Case

# Notes From Afield

The Society would like to thank Oliver Allen, who resigned earlier this month, for his recent fine columns.

January 5 - Richardson Bay - A total of 47 species were observed on a beautiful day. The trip ended at the Audubon House on the Richardson Bay Sanctuary where we enjoyed the hospitality of John Larson, the Audubon Warden. Mr. Larson served coffee, gave an interesting and informative talk, and led an additional short walk. Many thanks, John.

January 5 - Lagoon at the Palace of Fine Arts in San Francisco - A stop here on the way home from Richardson Bay produced the following: Canada Geese, White Fronted Geese, Snow Geese, American

Widgeon, Canvasback, Mallards, Ring-Necked Duck, Brewer's Blackbird and Black-Crowned Night Heron. Also of interest were two Egyptian Geese, which come from the vicinity of the Nile R ver in Egypt, and a Black Swan which hails from Australia. The Mute Swans were also present.

WOOD DUCK - 1/17 - male and female at Palo Alto Yacht Harbor.

STARLINGS - 14 on 1/15, 15 on 1/17 roosting with Red-winged Blackbirds at the Palo Alto Yacht Harbor.

RUDDY TURNSTONES - 2 on 1/19 in the vicinity of Dumbarton Sanctuary.

The birds were in non-breeding plumage.

Please send your observations to Mr. Ralph R. Trullinger 1960 Santa Cruz Ave., Menlo Park (DA 1-3955)

Mr. Trullinger would like the membership to help him write the field notes, so be sure to jot down your birds on a postcard throughout a month or so - and don't forget to mail it in!

#### 1962 CHRISTMAS BIRD COUNT

The 1962 San Jose, California, Christmas Bird Count of the Santa Clara Valley Audubon Society was made between 5:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. on Sunday, December 30, 1962. Evelyn Case and Howard Wolcott were the count directors. Forty-two persons participated in the count and assembled between 4 and 6 p.m. for the summary at the East San Jose home of Fran and Dick Mewaldt. Refreshments were arranged and served by the Social Committee.

The traditional count area is within the 15-mile diameter circle whose center is at Maybury Road and Capitol Avenue in East Santa Clara Valley. Estimates of time spent and distances traveled by 42 observers in 13 parties included 92 party hours (54 on foot and 38 by car) and 289 party miles (42 on foot and 247 by car). The weather was clear and the visibility good in spite of some smog in the valley and some light local fog in the morning. Temperatures varied from 36 to 60 in the valley, but reached a low in the higher twenties in parts of the Calaveras Sector where 2-3 inch ice remained on some canyon ponds. There was essentially no wind. Rainfall was above normal for the season and grassland and chaparral were in good winter condition.

Approximate time spent in the several habitats was: grassland and pasture 16%, deciduous orchard 15%, canyon stream 10%, formal parks 8%, salt water marsh 7%, town suburbs 7%, oak woodlands 7%, fresh water ponds and lakes 6%, valley stream 6%, cultivated croplands 5%, chaparral 5%, dumps 5%, salt water bay 2%, fresh water marsh 1%.

The 128 species recorded on the count day is the third highest recorded (130 in 1960 and 139 in 1961) in the San Jose count. The 56,676 individual birds recorded approaches closely the 57,845 counted in 1958. The smaller number of species may perhaps be attributed to (1) the smallest number of counters since 1958 and (2) the comparatively mild winter in the mountain areas in northern California, combined with what appears to be abundant food in the same areas and in the mountains surrounding the Santa Clara Valley. Clear weather made it possible for the workers in Sector A (Alviso) to record 9000+ more birds than during the fog-bound 1961 count. This tended to overcome the smaller numbers of land birds recorded in the other sectors.

Perhaps the most unusual sightings were three Bald Eagles. Two adults were seen near Calaveras Reservoir and one immature over Alum Rock Park. One Golden Eagle was seen this year. Species reported that are of less common occurrence in the count area included American Scoter (2), Surf Scoter (1), Common Gallinule (1), Lesser Yellow-Legs

(10), Mountain Bluebird (1), and Raven (6).

It is especially interesting to speculate on the reasons for the differences in counts for selected species by years. One must consider especially the number of parties, the conditions for observing, and for some species, the skill, persistence and coverage by certain key observers. These factors, combined with actual differences in the numbers of birds present are reflected in Table 1. I shall comment on only a few.

A simple calculation reveals that eight to ten Mockingbirds per party have been recorded each year. This should be expected of a species which is so well scattered over most of the count area. On the other hand, numbers of gulls recorded have varied greatly from year to year. Numbers recorded depend to a much greater extent on the counting technique and attention of two or three parties. Here the possibility of counting the same birds twice has not been overlooked, as the birds

may have moved from one sector to another.

There seems little doubt that numbers of Starlings will continue to increase over the next several years. This year for the first time we recorded this species in all sectors. Our winter flocks probably come from migratory nesting populations 1000 and more miles to the north and northeast. Dr. Weston and others report that more are being reported mesting in the Santa Clara Valley each year. Industry, Agriculture and the "people" of the Santa Clara Valley and the Peninsula will soon become aware of the Starling. Its potential impact on local agriculture has not yet been assessed. No effective means of control has yet been developed for the Starling.

The most spectacular decrease this year was in the number of Robins counted - the smallest number in many years. Abundant food in the mountains here and especially to the north combined with comparatively mild weather in the mountain areas probably accounts for the scarcity of this "weather and food" migrant. Unless conditions change by spring, residents of the Santa Clara Valley will have hundreds of tons of Pyracantha berries rotting on the bushes in May and June. Banding recovery records reveal that Robins, which usually winter here, nest in considerable numbers in Washington and British Columbia.

The 1962 Sector leaders and their teams were as follows:

- Alviso: Henry G. Weston, Evelyn Case, Lloyd Case, Mrs. Luther E. Cisne, Mr. Joseph Greenberg, H. Thomas Harvey, Howard Shellhammer.
- Southwest: Angelina Snow, John R. Brockenshire, Lore Rose David, Edell Gustafson, Mr. John Henderson, Mrs. John Henderson, Master John Henderson, Debby Kirshen, Norman Kirshen, Malcolm Sargent, Ralph R. Trullinger, Mr. Warren M. Turner, Mrs. Warren Turner, Fanny Zwaal.
- Evergreen: Emmanuel and Mary Taylor, Harley Bothwell, Virginia Bothwell, Eva McRae, Emily Smith, Edith Wirtanen, Howard Wolcott, Margaret Wolcott.
- Alum Rock: Philip Gordon, Mike Brockenshire, Bill Murphy, Richard Sandkuhle, Donald Schmoldt.
- Calaveras: Les Sleeper (for Al Wool), Grace Brubaker, Mark F. Hopkins, Bill Mewaldt, Frances L. Mewwaldt, L. Richard Mewaldt, Nell Sleeper.

Table 1

Numbers of selected species counted 1956-62

		THE PARTY			7 7 34 1		1 1 1 1
	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956
Parties	13	18	15	14	12	12	7
Party hours	92	114	104	97	84	81	49
Observers	42	56	47	45	38	34	25
Weather	Clear	Fog in Valley	Clear	Clear	Fog and rain	Fog and clouds	Clear
Species	15 M			, K			
Great Blue Heron	10	4	3	2	6	4	2
Common Egret	5	y 2	4	- L	10	10	2
Snowy Egret	1	1.1	19	9) 1	5	2	2
Shoveler	1043	1750	4204	2301	194	447	901
Ruddy Duck	466	380	436	1061	192	1128	613
Red-tailed Hawk	54	63	44	46	29	30	29
Sparrow Hawk	75	72	73	48	85	111	48
Am. Avocet	254	104	59	68	149	113	6
Gulls (all species) 1	5,544	10,662	12,020	17,085	20,854	7575	4320
Burrowing Owl	4	9	16	5	13	4	2
Mourning Dove	469	487	311	32	115	65	60
Mockingbird	116	160	123	92	106	117	. 72
Robin	79	3058	650	1602	194	2717	1543
Varied Thrush	17	13	91	10	81	48	1
Hermit Thrush		147	136	95	73	99	12
Cedar Waxwing	200	454	162	57	44	352	28
Starling	1806	202	255	98	110	0	0
White-crowned Sparrow	3510	3690	2442	2470	4432	2612	1530
Fox Sparrow	3	75	18	9	47	3	5
Song Sparrow	70	56	98	51	93	74	90

- 16 - Table 2.

# Summary of the San Jose, California 1962 Christmas Bird Count by Sectors

	lviso Sector	Southwest	Evergreen Sector	Alum Rock Sector	Calaveras Sector	All Sectors
Horned Grebe	150				The state of	150
Eared Grebe	702	( 14/ -x)"		- J	2	704
Pied-billed	A A N		"" I - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		1 A 1 Y	Qv stall
Grebe	3		3	* Y	4	10
Double-crested	11					1.00
Cormorant	9	Charles To		1. T. T.	7	16
Great Blue Heron	.2	3	3		2	10
Common Egret	5		1 3 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5		TA A	5
Snowy Egret			•			1
Canada Goose	WAT!				35 2	35 4 32
Mallard	- 2		2	The Residence	N (N C	32
Pintail	31	2.0				1
Green-winged Teal Shoveler	1042	1 1 2 2 2			A STATE OF THE STA	1043
Wood Duck	1042	Done by Dist	China Lan	4,10	2	6
Ring-necked Duck	. 6 L		7			7
Cancasback			16			16
Lesser Scaup	43					44
Bufflehead				4		1 5
Surf Scoter	1					
Common Scoter	2		364			2
Ruddy Duck	333		111	11000	21	466
Common Merganser	14 46		55	6 (# 1 <del>-</del> 4-3)		55
Red-breasted	1171					
Merganser	7 55				4	4
Ducks, Spp.	1	4		3	250	258
White-tailed Kite	8			-	7	15
Sharp-shinned Hawk		A STATE OF			2	3 8
Cooper's Hawk	( 0.7	3	1	3	1	-6
Red-tailed Hawk	4	45 19 1 12 12	10	10	29	54
Golden Eagle	Y7 = 3				3	2
Bald Eagle	7				2	3
Marsh Hawk	3					
Peregrine Falcon Sparrow Hawk	17	13	7	4	34	75
Hawks, Spp.	147	2			2	75 5
California Quail	30	13 2 93	180	45	34 2 172	520
Ring-necked						7. 17.
Pheasant	2		¥	4 1 1 1 C	Circle Syl	2
Common Gallinule	4.1				C - DI	1
Am. Coot	562		117	17 - 17 <del>-</del> 18 4	13 26	692
Killdeer	85	68	5	10	26	194
Black-bellied	1 3 1	The state of		MAN THE		4 Michelle
Plover	42	4				42
Common Snipe	9			4	Contraction of	10
Long-billed Curley	7	A COLOR	101 8	1 1 1 1		0700
Willet	2300	5 4 4 4	The second second	TAN TEAT	- 2	2300
Greater Yellowlegs		11 1 1 1 B	2	Pris Sire	3	15
Lesser Yellowlegs	10	W. V. C.	A. C. T. Fr.			10 1385
Least Sandpiper	1385	1 0 3	1	I F What	1	30
Dunlin	30	Phillips IV X		The state of the s	11111111111111111111111111111111111111	No Allino
Short-billed Dowitcher	209	1 2 3 4 4 4 4		MA VALLEY		209
DOWLOGHER	209	A VALUE OF	A LANGE	二、时,至上,引		

Species	Alviso Sector	Southwest Sector	Evergreen Sector	Alum Rock Sector	Calaveras Sectors	All Sectors
Long-billed			15 5-1			
Dowitcher	48		4 1 1 5 1/2	5 1 2 1		48
Western Sandpiper		to All and a second			1 5 4 4 1	910
Marbled Godwit	13		41 1 1 1 1 1 1 V			13
Am. Avocet	254		Carlot Internal			254
Black-necked					A CA	
Stilt	9	200	de la la		- T. J.	9
Glaucous-winged	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-1772-1			55 E 1
Gull	12			- Y-1-14	20	32
Western Gull	127 12	71	1		1	1
Herring Gull	8400					8400
California Gull	0400	3 6			31.31	1
Ring-billed Gull	4396	7 52 3	r, v. Er	3	3000	4399
Bonaparte's Gull	719	1 1 1 1 1			AND THE	719
Gulls, Spp.	459	65		9	1457	1990
Mew Gull	2	0)	NAME OF BEINE			2
Band-tailed Pigeo		13		용의 보실다.	4 2 2	13
	47	13	4	14	104	469
Mourning Dove Barn Owl	41	500		8	104	8
Screech Owl		TYN	1 / 4 Tan	1		1
	Color of Color		6 4 50	8		8
Great Horned Owl	4		The state	0	The distance	4
Burrowing Owl	4					
White-throated					20	20
Swift		16		17/1/2	20	47
Anna's Hummingbin		16	4	17	3	
Belted Kingfisher	5	3			)	10
Red-shafted		-7	76	7.5	70	166
Flicker	12	53	36	35	30	
Acorn Woodpecker		18	24	27	22	91
Yellow-bellied				4		
Sapsucker		2	2	3 2 3	4	11
Hairy Woodpecker	True -			7	6	11
Downy Woodpecker		10 m	2		4	
Nuttal's Woodpeck	cer -		4	11	4	17 24
Black Phoebe	3 2	8	5 5 4 1	3	3	7
Say's Phoebe	2			100	2	
Horned Lark	r				77	10
Steller's Jay	25	64	75	59 71	6 3 9 33 124	97 359
Scrub Jay	25	04	10	1× 1 1	124	229
Yellow-billed		W. W.	70	45	135	255
Magpie Common Raven	5		70	42	135	6
Common Crow	1 2	19	47	10	16	92
Chestnut-backed	)	19	7.6	10	10	3-20
Chickade Chickade		6	17	45	33	101
Plain Titmouse	36	6 3	17	10	30	69
Common Bushtit		10		19 37	11	99
	(3	10	36	)[		99
White-breasted Nuthatch		2	11	3	SE-8	11
	11197	4		1	5 2 3 2	4
Brown Creeper	755	1000			3	26
Wrentit	1		THE PARTY OF	22	7	20
Dipper	The Marie				1	1
Winter Wren	EAST TO	3	7 7 18	8	10	28
Bewick's Wren	- 2	2	The feet of	1		20
Long-billed Marsh		The state of	Swit ( ty		& Allega in	3
Wren	3	CARL YEAR TO MAKE		The state of	And Walt on	

Species	Alviso Sector	Southwest Sector	Evergreen Sector	Alum Rock Sector	Calaveras Sector	All Sectors
Canon Wren	1	CALL TO BE	2 19 1 E	7 17 51 67	Martin Jan	7-1
Mockingbird	10	65	9	16	16	116
California Thrashe			not be	8	4	13
Robin		4	1	22	52	79
Varied Thrush	127	of the same	2/14/11	14	3	17
Hermit Thrush		1	-	18	1111	20
Western Bluebird		1.0	9	1 1	36	47
Mountain Bluebird	100	- V5"		1	-	7 1
Golden-crowned				W. Sand		
Kinglet		The state of the s	- The second	5	A GA . CO.	5
Ruby-crowned		11/4 1/4	A Charles	1744		
Kinglet	6	8	2	68	42	126
Water Pipit	93	57	111	T. 1	24	175
Cedar Waxwing	4.16		· ·	158	42	200
Loggerhead Shrike	17	98	5	7	14	. 49
Starling	967		190	43	598	1806
Hutton's Vireo		2	2	-		4
Audubon's Warbler	67	67	64	48	45	291
Yellowthroat	B. Mar			-		
House Sparrow	211	282	151	87	375	1106
Western Meadowlark		125	161	76	908	1432
Redwinged Blackbir		4	2780	71	1603	4561
Brewer's Blackbird	The second secon	715	3450	397	3267	8175
Brown-headed Cowbi	ra		7 7 5			1
Purple Finch	.400	6	1- 007	41.0	706	70/10
House Finch	1492	923	883	148	396	3842
Pine Siskin Am. Goldfinch	28		00	Part of the state of	10	10 318
Lesser Goldfinch	35	12	98 77	15 46	165 185	445
Rufous-sided Towhe		12	17	20	16	66
Brown Towhee	E .	92	48	33	52	230
Savannah Sparrow	469	10	3		21	503
Lark Sparrow		5	35		18	58
Rufous-crowned				Fred Date .		- 1
Sparrow			17 11 1	2		2
Oregon Junco	8	54	84	95	255	496
White-crowned						Maria Alba
Sparrow	255	787	655	126	1687	3510
Golden-crowned	10 1776			W. Z.	TANK IN	1934 10
Sparrow	40	147	484	357	550	1578
Fox Sparrow	-	01	1			3
Lincoln's Sparrow	1 1	1	a white he	A A Town	- P	1
Song Sparrow	12	9	2.7	25	22	70
Total number birds	26704	4282	10089	2461	13140	56676
Total number species	75	50	65	64	83	128

<sup>--</sup>L. Richard Mewaldt, Compiler (Spp. means "unidentified species"...J.T.)

#### Santa Clara Valley Audubon Society Branch of National Audubon Society

1962 - 1963

Name	Office	Address	Telephone
Warren M. Turner	President	646 Alvarado Row, Stanford	DA5-7777
Evelyn H. Case	Vice Pres.	2586 Homestead Rd., Santa Clara	он3-2467
Margaret Wolcott	Secretary	25611 Altamont St., Los Altos Hills	948-6821
Wilma Thompson	Treasurer	758 Pollard Rd., Los Gatos	FR8-4333
John R. Brokenshire	Director	102 S. 23rd St., San Jose 27	293-6289
Kenneth A. Phelps	Director	1850 Willow Rd., Palo Alto	325-5155
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Membership Mrs. Irving Snow Chairman: 21441 Roaring Water Way, Los Gatos (EL4-1811)

National A dubon Society 2426 Bancroft Way Berkeley 4, California

Conservation Resource Center Office of Western Representative National Audubon Society 1000 North Durfee Ave., El Monte, California

## The Avocet

Our publication appears monthly except in July and August. It is \$2.00 a year for non-members. Copy, preferably typed, is requested by the 20th of each month.

Editor:

Mrs. John E. Todd

912 Roble Ridge, Palo Alto (DA2-1787)

Circulation

Manager:

Miss Elsie Hoeck

1311 Cristina, San Jose 25 (CY3-5668)

Typists:

Mrs. Jane R. Castner

Miss Carol C. Rulofson

112 Murray Court, Redwood City (366-2514)

Mimeographers:

Mr. and Mrs. Emmanuel Taylor

14311 Quito Road, Saratoga (DR9-3424)

